(LVIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2863.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1801.

NEW-YORK, November 17.

Late laſt evening arrived the ſhip Mercury, captain Butler, in 40 days from Hamburg, by which papers to the 1ſt of October have been received at the office of the Daily Advertiſer; from which we have given as copious tranſlations as the lateneſs of the hour would permit, of ſome of the moſt prominent articles of intelligence.

PARIS, September 23.

THE government have reſolved to make another effort to reinforce the army in Egypt, and for this purpoſe have ordered part of the army in Spain to proceed to Cadiz, where admiral Thugut is waiting for them. Menou holds out with determined reſolution, and the government will eſteem no ſacrifice too great to afford him aſſiſtance.

Religion appears to revive, and the churches are generally crowded. Grand maſs has been celebrated in the church de Graves place, which during the performance was ſhrouded with black.

The chief conſul has it under conſideration to give the proteſtant prieſts an adequate ſalary, and has ordered the prefects to tranſmit him an account of the numbers in each department.

ITALY, September 10.

Porto-Ferrajo continues to hold out with almoſt unexampled bravery—notwithſtanding the repeated efforts of the French to ſtorm it. The Engliſh afford them all the aſſiſtance in their power. A few days ſince four Engliſh frigates landed ſome troops in the neighbourhood of that place, but were immediately attacked and forced to re-embark.

Two French frigates which had left Livorna with troops, ammunition, &c. to reinforce the beſieging corps, were chaſed on ſhore by two Engliſh men of war, and one of them captured—the other was rendered totally uſeleſs. Several tranſports laden with troops from Ancona, have been captured; and the Engliſh corvette of 20 guns taken by the French ſome time ſince has been retaken.

HAGUE, September 26.

Peace and tranquillity ſtill prevail, notwithſtanding the adoption of the new conſtitution, and although ſeveral of the directors have refuſed to accede to it.

BRUSSELS, September 22.

Rear-admiral Latouche, commander of the Channel flotilla, has ordered captain Main, who is blockaded in Calais by the Engliſh, to uſe every exertion to reach Boulogne with his flotilla; he accordingly made the attempt, but the vigilance of the Engliſh cruiſers prevented its ſucceſs.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Auguſt 25.

The Engliſh before Alexandria entertain ſo little doubt of the ſpeedy reduction of that place, that when general Menou requeſted they would reſtore him his wife who had been taken priſoner at Cairo, lord Keith ſent him for anſwer that he would have the honour to deliver her in perſon in the courſe of a few days.

MILAN, September 12.

By an article in the treaty concluded between France and Naples, the latter is to deliver up all the navy, which conſiſts of two ſhips of the line, two frigates, and one corvette.

VIENNA, September 18.

The king of Pruſſia has proteſted againſt the inſtallation of the archbiſhop of Munſter.

AMSTERDAM, September 19.

The following remarkable proclamation of the directory, was published yesterday, just at the closing of the mail:

BATAVIANS!—This day it was carried only by two votes, in the firſt chamber of the legiſlative body, that our proclamation of the 14th inſtant, be publiſhed—the people are hereby invited, either to reject or adopt the plan of the new conſtitution. The object of this is no leſs than to unite the people, to let them give their free ſuffrages upon an important point, which poſſibly may become the parent of inteſtine convulſions, by a continuance of an order of things, which, through confuſion, has riſen to its ſummit, and which embraces the intereſt of but few, while the whole is hurrying to its ruin. We feel it our ſacred duty, not only to expoſe ſuch pernicious projects, but alſo to avert as much as in us lies, its direful conſequences. We have adopted efficient meaſures, to prevent the aſſembling of the legiſlative body, until the ſenſe of the people is known. Citizens of Batavia, it is with reluctance, that we impeach the conduct of our fellow-citizens; but we cannot, we dare not allow, that the voice of the whole nation be ſuppreſſed—and that comparatively but few, without any prior inveſtigation, ſhould audaciouſly call themſelves the people. Our only motive is to be informed of your ſentiments, and what will be your ſovereign will, your will ſhall be our guide, we will without ſelfiſhneſs promote the good of the whole.—Judge therefore, coolly and deliberately reſpecting the plan of the new conſtitution—Digeſt it well, without being biaſſed by others—remember that not only your deareſt rights, but alſo the welfare of your poſterity is at ſtake, and chooſe that which to you ſhall ſeem moſt ſalutary. Reſt aſſured that the meaſures which are adopted for your ſecurity, will be efficient: Be convinced that we are willing and able to curb the temerity of the audacious, who might be vile enough to undertake to ſhackle your free ſuffrages: The directory orders this to be made public, and that it ſhall be poſted up in all public places.

Done at the Hague, the 18th September, 1801, ſeventh year of the Batavian liberty.

(Signed)

BESIER, *Loco-President.*
MAZEL, *Loco-Secretary.*

NEW-YORK, November 18.

Captain Gardiner, who arrived at this port yeſterday from Peterſburg, which place he left on the 16th September, informs us, that on the 11th it was rumoured that the emperor Alexander was taken ſuddenly and dangerouſly ill; ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by a ſtroke of *Ruſſian apoplexy*—the ſame diſorder which carried off the late emperor Paul.

The Hamburg papers received by the ſhip Mercury, of a date prior to the 30th September, contain not a ſingle article worth the trouble of a tranſlation.—That of the 30th is particularly intereſting. It informs us, in a letter from Conſtantinople of the 4th September, that on the 17th of Auguſt the ſiege of Alexandria commenced. After attacking the French gun boats, in which two of them were blown up, brigadier-general Coote advanced with 5000 men and took Macabou without reſiſtance. During this operation the Engliſh ſquadron before Alexandria made a feint attack on the town, whilſt general Hutchinſon attacked the French redoubts upon the Green Hills, which he carried with very little loſs. On the 31ſt July the French garriſon of Cairo arrived at Roſetta. The meaſures adopted for their embarkation were ſo prompt that the whole garriſon had ſailed on the 17th Auguſt. The French troops conſiſted of 8000 men, amongſt them 900 cavalry, and 50 pieces of cannon. The other perſons comprifed in the capitulation, amounting to about 5000 of all deſcriptions, had alſo paſſed down the Nile.

The news of the ſiege of Alexandria having commenced on the 17th Auguſt, is confirmed in an extraordinary courier, who arrived at Vienna, about the 22d September. He brought intelligence that the ſiege was conducted with ſo much ſucceſs, that general Menou had requeſted an armiſtice of two days, in order to ſettle the articles of the evacuation of Alexandria, and alſo the ratification of the convention of Cairo.

A letter of the 22d September, from Paris ſays "If the negotiation for peace with Great-Britain ſhould not ſucceed, it is generally expected that at the beginning of October the expedition againſt England will be carried into execution. The camp near Boulogne received numerous reinforcements on the 13th. Several corps of infantry and cavalry from Lille, Douay, and Arras, are on their march from Calais. Admiral Neilly held a general council of war a few days ago. The troops near Boulogne amounting to 25,000, have received orders to prepare for embarkation, and to leave behind all uſeleſs baggage. The maritime prefects of Dunkirk, Boulogne, and Havre, and many other general officers, have arrived at Paris to receive their inſtructions reſpecting the expedition. An adjutant of the firſt conſul has been diſpatched to admiral Latouche at Boulogne. Forty-two gun boats at Calais are ſtill prevented from joining the flotilla at Boulogne by the Britiſh cruiſers. The Breſt fleet is getting ready for ſea. The telegraphic correſpondence between Breſt and Paris is uncommonly frequent.

The number of Britiſh veſſels cruiſing at the mouth of the Scheldt increaſed daily; and the number of Engliſh men of war off the coaſts of Holland and Flanders received continual augmentation, in order to prevent the ſailing of the Dutch fleet under admiral de Winter, which was ſuppoſed to be deſtined for Boulogne, to protect the ſailing of the French flotilla from Calais.

At Bruſſels, according to advices of the 24th, general Angereau was expected with his whole ſtaff. French and Pruſſian cabinet couriers were daily paſſing and repaſſing through Bruſſels, to which place a ſtrong corps of French troops was on its march.

A letter was received at Copenhagen on the 26th September from London, ſtating that the debarkation of a cargo of ſugar from the Daniſh Weſt-India iſlands had been ſtopped, from which it was inferred that the Daniſh ſhips with the produce of theſe iſlands will be permitted to ſail with their cargoes to Denmark. Two couriers arrived at Copenhagen from London on the 22d of September. When the court of Denmark agrees to the convention of Peterſburg of the 17th June, then its poſſeſſions in the Weſt-Indies are to be reſtored.

Mr. Pinckney, the American miniſter to the court of Madrid, left the Hague on the 25th of September for the place of his deſtination.

PHILADELPHIA, November 18.

By the Latona, arrived at Boſton from London, we have received London papers late in September. Our correſpondent in his letter of September 18, obſerves, that "it is ſaid to be the intention of miniſters to raiſe a larger loan at the enſuing meeting of parliament than any that has been raiſed during the war. If this rumour prove well founded, we may in vain look for peace.

By ſeveral letters from the officers of crews of the American veſſels detained at Algeſiras, it appears, that theſe unfortunate men are treated by their unmanly victors, with more than ſavage brutality. We have now before us a letter from one of the crew of the ſhip Molly, of this port, dated October 20, which ſtates "our captain, ſupercargo, mates and crew, without exception, have been plundered, and thoſe who refuſed to ſtrip have been mangled by the ſwords of theſe ſavages, the blood iſſuing at every ſtroke. The captain had a ſtab at him acroſs the table, which had it reached him would have gone to the heart."

BALTIMORE, November 16.

The United States ſchooner Enterprize, commanded by the gallant Sterett, arrived yeſterday, from a cruiſe in the Mediterranean. Captain S. touched at Gibraltar on the 8th October, but having been ordered by commodore Dale to America, with diſpatches, he ſailed immediately without going aſhore, or being able to procure a paper.

The accounts which we have heard of the capture of a Tripolitan corſair by the Enterprize, have been pretty accurately ſtated, and the particulars may be expected in a day or two from the navy department, of an action the moſt deſultory and obſtinate that has occurred theſe many years. The corſair was a Greek built ſhip, of about 250 tuns, 14 guns and 85 men. After fighting very deſperately for nearly two hours, ſhe haled down her colours; and the men of the Enterprize left their guns and gave three cheers for the victory. At this moment the pirate poured in a broadſide, up with his colours, and renewed the combat with freſh vigour, continually attempting to board, and the crew brandiſhing their ſabres glittering in the ſun, ſhewed all the frantic fury of cannibals. Overcome, however, by the ſuperior proweſs and ſkill of the brave and perſevering crew of the Enterprize, the Barbarian ſtruck again. Captain S. then ordered her under his quarter, keeping his men to their guns. As ſoon as they had gained the poſition ordered, they opened a whole broadſide again into the Enterprize, hoiſted their bloody flag the ſecond time, and attempted to board.—*Fight on, was then the cry on board the schooner, and sink the perfidious villains to the bottom!* Every nerve was ſtrained to get a permanent victory; and captain Sterett's ſuperior ſkill in the management of his veſſel enabling him to rake her inceſſantly fore and aft, and make great havoc and devaſtation on board his antagoniſt, the iſſue was certain. Her mizen-maſt was carried away by the wounds it received, ſixteen or eighteen ſhots between wind and water opened her ſides for the ſea to pour in at, and 50 men killed and wounded ſtrewed her decks. Her treacherous commander ſeeing their total deſtruction or ſurrender inevitable, implored for quarters; and bending in a ſupplicating poſture over the waſte of his veſſel, threw his colours with his own hands into the ſea, to convince his opponents that they ſhould not be hoiſted again. Capt. Sterett, touched with the humanity of a brave conqueror, notwithſtanding their infamous behaviour, ſtopped the effuſion of blood; but as his inſtructions would not permit him to make prize of her, he ordered them to throw every gun, ſword, piſtol, their ammunition, and every thing which had the appearance of an implement of war, into the ſea, and then bid them go about their buſineſs, and tell their countymen the treatment they might expect to receive from a nation determined to pay their tribute to ſuch villains in powder and ball.

The Enterprize, during the whole affair, which laſted about three hours, loſt not a man.

The corſair fell in with commodore Dale in his way to Tripoli, and told him that it was a French ſhip of war that had uſed him in ſo rough and uncouth a manner, and begged a few articles which he ſtood in need of.

An officer of the Enterprize has politely favoured the editors of the Federal Gazette with the following articles:

Auguſt 1, 1801, off Malta, fell in with and captured a Tripolitan corſair, (a ſhip) mounting 14 guns and 85 men, after an obſtinate engagement of three hours.

Auguſt 5, an inſurrection took place at Tripoli amongſt the principal inhabitants, in conſequence of a report that the admiral was captured by an American veſſel—but, by the policy of the baſhaw, it at length ſubſided.

The Tripolitan cruiſers are ſtill at Gibraltar, and nearly deſerted by their crews; the few that remain are reduced to the neceſſity of carrying burthens to obtain a wretched ſubſiſtance. The admiral left Gibraltar in an Engliſh convoy for Malta, and thereby eſcaped the vigilance of our veſſels. Their cruiſers are all in, and Tripoli declared in a ſtate of blockade by Mr. Eaton, our conſul at Tunis. As yet they have not been ſo fortunate as to capture any American veſſel.

The report ſtated in the American papers, of the diſaffection of the Malteſe towards the Engliſh, is erroneous: they appear perfectly ſatisfied with their preſent ſituation.

Alexandria had not fallen; and, having procured a ſupply of water, was expected to make an obſtinate reſiſtance.

The Spaniſh gun boats at Algeſiras are daily carrying in our veſſels, 15 of which lay there, but being under quarantine, while at that place, could not procure a liſt of their names. The Spaniſh government have iſſued orders to their gun boats to moleſt no veſſel bound to Gibraltar, bringing ſupplies to the American ſquadron. The report of the Spaniards making preparations for an attack on Gibraltar, is without foundation. The frigate Preſident was at Gibraltar, and the other frigates cruiſing in the Mediterranean; but, however, expected in.

The following are the particulars of an inſurrection that happened at Algiers about the 18th September, as ſtated by conſul O'Brien:—When the dey was in his moſque at prayers with his aids, 10 Turks entered the palace armed, took poſſeſſion of his ſeat, haled down his colours, ſecured the palace doors, hoiſted a flag for a new dey, and, from the windows above, offered a reward of 10,000 ſequins to any perſon who would take his life. As he could not come out of the door of the moſque, on account of its being ſituated under the windows of the palace, and the Turks within having it in their power to fire upon them, they cut a paſſage through the back of the building, and entering the palace, attacked the inſurgents, ſeven of whom made their eſcape, the other three fought until two of them, overcome by loſs of blood, were compelled to ſurrender. The other was cut to pieces in the dey's ſeat, after uſurping that poſt of honour for three hours. All, however, was quiet when we left there, the 22d September.

November 17.

Any thing which has a tendency to cure or even to relieve perſons afflicted with that dreadful diſtemper, epilepſy, is entitled to the attention of the public; the following lines on the ſubject are quoted from LALANDE:—"There was lately brought to citizen PORTAL a young lady who was every day attacked by violent epileptic fits. They began in one of her toes; which circumſtance ſuggeſted to that able anatomiſt the idea of cutting the nerve for the purpoſe of interrupting the communication: but he began by the application of opium to the nerve; and that alone proved ſufficient to effect a complete cure."

November 20.

The following further particulars relative to the capture of the Tripolitan corſair, have been received from Waſhington:

Captain Sterett, after adminiſtering to the relief of the diſtreſſes of the wounded Tripolitans, and the wants of the crew, on the 1ſt of Auguſt, ordered the ſhip of the enemy to be completely diſmantled. Her maſts were accordingly all cut down, and her guns thrown overboard. A ſpar was raiſed on which was fixed, as a flag, a tattered ſail; and in this condition the ſhip was diſmiſſed.

On the arrival of the Tripolitan ſhip at Tripoli, ſo ſtrong was the ſenſations of ſhame and indignation excited there, that the bey ordered the wounded captain to be mounted on a jack aſs, and paraded through the ſtreets as an object of public ſcorn. After which he received 500 baſtinadoes.

So thunderſtruck were the Tripolitans at this event, and at the apprehended deſtruction of their whole marine force, that the ſailors then employed at Tripoli on board of cruiſers that were fitting out by the government, all deſerted them, and not a man could be procured to navigate them.

But one cruiſer, to wit, a ſhip of ſixteen guns, remained out. She was reported to be off Sicily, but had not been ſeen by any of our ſquadron.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.

The Baltimore Bellona powder-mill, on Jones's Falls, about ſeven miles from town, belonging to a company of gentlemen of this city, blew up the night before laſt, by which accident three men who were working in the mill were ſhockingly crippled, the life of one of whom is deſpaired of.

The cataſtrophe happened about nine o'clock at night; and, as near as we can learn, was cauſed by one of the workmen taking the burning ſnuff of a lamp-wick in his fingers, and finding it rather hot, threw it haſtily and inadvertently into a heap of about 300 weight of powder, then undergoing its operation in the mill. The explosion was inſtantaneous: the houſe, 30 by 40 feet, with every atom in it, was mounted in the air. Of the roof, not a veſtige can be found; and the walls, which were of maſſy ſtone, are levelled with the ground. The man who was leaſt injured, ſays, the firſt place he found himſelf in, after the return of his ſenſes, was the mill-race, without knowing, for a while, what could have placed him there.

November 21.

The Vermont legiſlature have agreed to the Maryland reſolutions for *altering* the federal conſtitution, ſo that the repreſentatives and the electors of preſident and vice-preſident may be choſen in diſtricts in every ſtate. The ſame legiſlature have rejected *en tout* the petitions for turnpikes.

The 3d of December is appointed as a day of thankſgiving in Vermont. [*Boston paper.*]

Annapolis, November 26.

From the FEDERAL GAZETTE of Monday laſt.

The Editors have been kindly preſented with the following poſtſcript to a letter dated N. York, Nov. 20, received by the laſt mail.

"No other, I preſume, will have the following by this mail.

"I this moment have it from good authority, that the preliminaries of peace are actually ſigned between England and France. The news is brought by a veſſel arrived at Boſton—is an extract from the London Courier, and Morning Poſt. The hand-bill I have ſeen, but have not time to ſay more."

Other letters from N. York and Philadelphia ſtate, that hand-bills have been iſſued, containing a proclamation of the lord mayor of London on the 1ſt of October, announcing that a peace had been ſigned, and congratulating the merchants of Lloyd's on the joyful event.

Since writing the above a gentleman has obligingly handed us the following hand-bill, received by expreſs juſt as this gazette was going to preſs:

PEACE!

RELF's GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

Saturday, November 21, Eight o'clock, A. M.

We have juſt this moment received from the hands of a gentleman paſſenger in the mail, the following ſhort, but important communication, to delay the inſtant publication of which would be doing injuſtice to the public.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

New-York, November 20.

This moment arrived here, a packet from New-Haven, bringing an account of a very ſhort arrival at Boſton from London, bringing the important news of *PEACE* between Great-Britain and France. This news is ſaid to be official.

LONDON GAZETTE EXTRA.

Downing-ſtreet, October 2.

Preliminaries of peace between his majeſty and the French republic, were ſigned laſt night at lord Hawkeſbury's office, by the right honourable lord Hawkeſbury on the part of his majeſty, and by Mr. Otto, on the part of the French republic.

The following communication was alſo made to the lord mayor, and at Lloyd's:

Downing-ſtreet, October 1, 1801.

My Lord,

I have the ſatisfaction of informing your lordſhip, that the preliminaries of peace between Great-Britain and France have been ſigned this evening by me on the part of his majeſty, and by Mr. Otto, on the part of the French government. I requeſt your lordſhip would have the goodneſs to make this intelligence public in the city.

I have the honour to be &c.

HAWKESBURY.

The letter which encloſed the above, ſays, "the ARTICLES are now in the preſs, and the next mail will furniſh you with the whole of them."

JUST RECEIVED,
And for SALE at the Printing-Office,
Price, three eighths of a dollar.

THE
GREAT ERROR
OF
American Agriculture Expoſed,
AND
HINTS FOR IMPROVEMENT
SUGGESTED.
By THOMAS MOORE,
Of Montgomery county, State of Maryland.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, in April next, for a commiſſion to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in ſaid county, called SANDGATE, agreeably to the act for marking and bounding lands.

WILLIAM GLOVER.

Annapolis, November 24, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to the general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency.

HENRY THOMPSON,
Charles county.

To be SOLD, on Tueſday the 8th of December next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, at Thomas Elliott's tavern, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

EIGHTY-FOUR and a quarter acres of LAND, being part of BROWSLY HALL, lying on the great road leading by ſaid tavern to Mount Pleaſant ferry, and diſtant about one mile from ſaid tavern; the improvements are but ordinary, but it has a valuable young apple orchard on it of the beſt fruit. Any perſon inclinable to view the above land may be ſhewn it by making application to captain JOHN BATTEE. The terms are, ſix months credit, on the purchaſers giving bonds, or notes, with approved ſecurity. A good and indiſputable title will be given the purchaſer, by

R. GALEN STOCKETT.

November, 1801.

THOMAS SHAW,
HAS RECEIVED, AND OFFERS FOR SALE,
At his ſtore, near the Stadt-Houſe,
A ſmall quantity of plated ware, viz.
OVAL and octagon tea-pots,
ditto ditto coffee-pots,
Goblets,
Caſtors,
Patent candleſticks,
Common ditto,
Snuffers and ſnuffer trays,
Salts. Alſo,
Reeves's patent water colours in boxes,
Camel's hair and black lead pencils,
Pallets and colour tyles,
India ink and rubber,
Caſes of inſtruments.

Morocco purſes, pocket books and thread caſes, writing and letter paper, quills, wafers, &c. inkſtands, ink-powder, pounce boxes and pounce, backgammon tables, quadrille boxes, dice boxes and dice, ladies dreſſing glaſſes and dreſſing boxes, tea caddies, caddy ſhells, and decanter ſtands.

A few pair of handſome braſs andirons, ſhovels, tongs, coal hods, Japanned plate warmers and knife trays, wire fenders with braſs tops, paper and Japanned tea boards.

A ſmall aſſortment of hollow glaſs ware, conſiſting of decanters, tumblers, wines, punch glaſſes, rummers and ſalts.

Entry and chamber lamps, with boxes of wicks, locks, hinges, bolts, ſcrews, nails, &c.

A few cheap cloths and caſſimers, which, with ſundry other articles, will be diſpoſed of on reaſonable terms.

Annapolis, November 25, 1801.

THE creditors of RICHARD RAWLINGS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to produce their reſpective claims, legally authenticated, to the ſubſcriber, and all ſuch as are indebted by bond or note for articles purchaſed at the ſale, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make immediate payment, otherwiſe ſuits will be inſtituted without reſpect to perſons.

T. N. STOCKETT, Adminiſtrator
de bonis non of Richard Rawlings.

November, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to Saint-Mary's county court, in March next, for a commiſſion to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in ſaid county, called GILMOTH's HILL, agreeably to the act for marking and bounding lands.

JOSEPH FORD.

November 25, 1801.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency.

JOSEPH BOONE.

Prince-George's county, November 5, 1801.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the general aſſembly of Marlyland for an act of inſolvency.

THOMAS BOONE.

Prince-George's county, November 5, 1801.

Mr. Thomas Boone joined me in being ſpecial bail for the late John Nicholſon, after he had left me, for upwards of fourteen thouſand dollars, which we are now liable for, and is the cauſe of his wiſhing an act of inſolvency with me; it is well known the many heavy loſſes I have ſuſtained by the ſaid Mr. Nicholſon, and with reluctance indeed has it at laſt forced me to take this ſtep for relief.

JOSEPH BOONE.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, a negro man named DAVY, who calls himſelf DAVID ROSS, formerly the property of John H. Stone, Eſquire, he is about twenty-two or three years of age, five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, his teeth are uncommonly wide apart, and when he laughs turns up his upper lip; he has had a ſtone bruiſe on one of his feet, which has probably left a ſcar, has a buſhy head of wool, which he ſometimes wears platted. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and brings him to me at Stepney, in Anne-Arundel county, ſhall receive the above reward. All captains of veſſels, and others, are hereby forewarned carrying off or harbouring the ſaid ſlave.

RICHARD WHITE.

THE subscriber offers for SALE, a parcel of LAND, adjoining Cedar Point, on Patowmack river, Charles county, Maryland, consisting of three tracts called CONNERY'S CHANCE, THOMAS'S DISCOVERY, and PART OF BULLEN, containing about 400 acres, above one half of which is cloathed with heavy oak timber, and the soil in general excellent; this land is well known in the neighbourhood, and the following slight description is submitted to those unacquainted with the situation, as purchasers will doubtless judge for themselves; the improvements are but ordinary, water remarkably pure and healthy, with the advantages of fish, wild fowl, and oysters, which may be derived from the vicinity to the fullest extent.

If not previously disposed of it will be offered at public sale, on the premises, on Thursday the third day of December next, if fair, if not the first fair day. The land will be shewn, and the terms made known, on application to

JOHN C. JONES.

Nanjemoy, November 1, 1801. 2

By order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, on six months credit, on Friday the 27th day of November, instant, at 11 o'clock, at the late dwelling of THOMAS SPURRIER, deceased,

ALL the stock, furniture, and plantation utensils, belonging to the late Thomas Spurrier, one negro boy, 10 or 12 years old, &c.

All those having claims against the estate of Thomas Spurrier, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them to the subscriber, legally attested, on or before the 27th day of November, 1801, that they may be paid.

REZIN SPURRIER, Executor with the will annexed.

Anne-Arundel county, South river, November 1, 1801. 2X

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Thursday the 10th of December next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber,

SEVEN or eight NEGROES, belonging to the estate of SUSANNA BURGESS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, for the term of two and an half years each, for the payment of debts due from the deceased. The sale to commence at eleven o'clock, and for CASH only.

ROBERT LUSBY, Executor.

November 17, 1801. 2

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on a credit of six months, on Monday the 7th of December next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the house of the subscriber,

THE property of JOSEPH DEALE, late of said county, deceased, consisting of horses, cattle, household furniture, and plantation utensils. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock; bond, with security, will be required.

All persons having claims against the said deceased are requested to bring them in, legally attested, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

SAMUEL DEALE, Administrator.

November 18, 1801. 2

THE subscriber having commenced the tailor's business, near Mr. John Brice's dwelling, for and in behalf of the widow of the deceased THOMAS M'NIER, will be thankful to those who may favour him with their custom; he flatters himself that he shall be able to give general satisfaction, as no efforts shall be wanting to fulfil all engagements with neatness and dispatch.

BASIL SHEPPARD.

Annapolis, November 12, 1801. 2

This is to give notice,

That the subscribers hath obtained an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, for the sale of all the personal estate of ROBERT JOHN SMITH, late of the said county, deceased, therefore, agreeably to the said order, the subscribers will, on Tuesday the fifteenth day of December next, if fair, or the first fair day, expose to sale, on the premises,

ALL the property of the said deceased, consisting of three negro men and a negro woman, household furniture, plantation utensils, and the stock, such as horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, corn, hay, fodder, and other articles too tedious to mention.

JOHN SMITH, } Executors.
ROBERT A. SMITH, }

November 9, 1801. 3

By the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES and COURTS of JUSTICE.

THE COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES & COURTS of JUSTICE will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,

JOSEPH HARWOOD, Clk. 4

By the COMMITTEE of CLAIMS.

THE COMMITTEE of CLAIMS will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,

ZACH. DUVALL, Clk. 4

In CHANCERY, November 10, 1801.

William Norris,
against
Benjamin, Mary, John, Martin, Richard, and Anne Norris, heirs of Richard Norris, deceased.

THE object of the complainant's bill being to procure a decree against the defendants for the conveyance of part of a tract of land called HAWKIN'S ADDITION, situate and lying in Anne-Arundel county; it is in the bill stated, that in the month of August, 1792, he purchased of Richard Norris, deceased, the aforesaid, parcel of land, containing twenty acres, and that he paid the purchase money for the same; that the said Richard Norris hath departed this life intestate, leaving the aforesaid defendants his heirs at law; that the said Benjamin would have been his heir at law, had it not been for the operation of the act to regulate descents; that the said defendants are all minors, and four of them, to wit: John, Martin, Richard and Anne, live in the state of Delaware; the said Benjamin having appeared to and answered the said bill of complaint, and admitted the facts therein contained; it is ordered, that the complainant cause a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three weeks successively, before the 4th day of December next, to the end that the said absent denfendants, or any of them, may have notice to appear in this court, on or before the third day of April next, in person, or by his solicitor, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass agreeably to the prayer of the complainant.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can. 3X

THIS is to give notice, that I mean to petition the legislature of Maryland, at their next session, for payment of monies due me from the State of Maryland during the revolution.

MARY ANN ELIZABETH PRIESTLEY.

Annapolis, October 6, 1801. 6 X

THE subscriber being appointed trustee by the honourable the High Court of Chancery for the purpose of selling and conveying a tract of land mortgaged by Samuel Hanson and John B. Hanson, of Charles county, to Joseph Riddle and James Dall, merchants, of Alexandria, will offer the said land for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday the 22d day of December next, if fair, if not on the first fair day thereafter; this land lies on the Patowmack river, in Charles county, about thirty miles below Alexandria, is well adapted to the produce of wheat, tobacco, and Indian corn, has on it an excellent fishery, contains about eight hundred acres, and is, perhaps, better supplied with wood and timber than any tract of its size on the river. The land will be sold in lots, or entire, as may best suit those who are interested in the sale, and the purchaser will be required to pay the money immediately, or on the ratification of the sale by the chancellor.

HENRY H. CHAPMAN, Trustee.

Charles county, October 21, 1801. 5

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the next general assembly for a divorce from my wife Elisabeth Leuder Gauline, for the reasons therein to be mentioned.

October 4, 1801. 7 J. B. GAULINE.

The subscriber will OFFER for SALE, on the 2d day of December next, at Mr. Samuel Birckhead's store, near Herring Bay,

ABOUT twenty NEGROES, consisting of men, women, and children.

I wish to sell about 350 acres of the tract of land I live on; this land lies about two miles from Herring Bay, is very rich, and has a great abundance of very valuable timber on it. I will shew the land, and make the terms known to any person that wants to purchase. 4X

SAMUEL HARRISON, Jun.

Herring Bay, November 2, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at the ensuing session, for an act to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay.

5 JOSEPH BOARMAN, of RAPHAEL.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I shall petition the general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

5 THOMAS BOND.

Saint-Mary's county, September 10, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to release him from the payment of his debts, which he is entirely unable to discharge. 6X LEVI BUTLER.

Charles county, September 29, 1801.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, a negro woman named MILLEY, about twenty-two years of age, and five feet high, is likely, and of a yellowish complexion; she has been seen at her mother's, near Mr. Ridout's mill, on the north side of Severn river, where it is likely she will be harboured. The above reward will be given for bringing her home, or securing her in any gaol, so that I get her again.

SETH SWEETSER.

Annapolis, October 20, 1801. 5 X

ADVERTISEMENT.

By virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court of this State, passed at December term, 1800, for the sale of the real estate of SAMUEL LANE, late of Calvert county, deceased, in which the subscriber is appointed trustee for making sale thereof,

Notice is hereby given, that the said real estate will be OFFERED at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Monday the 14th day of December next, in separate parcels, as follows, to wit:

PART of a tract of land lying in Calvert county, near Lyon's Creek, called HORNISHAM, containing 228 acres, on which there is a large and convenient framed dwelling-house, with a passage and four rooms on each floor, with convenient out-houses, and a good orchard.

A tract of land called PURNELL'S ANGLES, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 157½ acres, on which there are negro quarters, tobacco-houses, &c.

Part of HARRISON'S ENLARGEMENT, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 118¼ acres.

Part of GRAMMER'S CHANCE, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 130 acres, on which there is a large and convenient framed dwelling-house, with other improvements, at present in the occupation of SAMUEL LANE SMITH.

TARAPIN ISLAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 20½ acres.

A small piece of land, lying in Anne-Arundel county, adjoining the lands held by Mr. Samuel Harrison and Mr. Lewis Griffith, called the FIRST DISCOVERY, containing 1 acre and 75 square perches.

Another piece of land, nearly adjoining thereto, called the SECOND DISCOVERY, containing 146 square perches.

Another piece of land, nearly adjoining, called the THIRD DISCOVERY, containing 130 square perches.

An undivided moiety of a lot in Pig-Point, on which is erected a valuable framed house, which has been used as a store, with a kitchen, &c.

A more particular description of the above lands has been deemed unnecessary, as those inclined to purchase will have an opportunity of viewing them; but a careful survey has been made, and the plat will be shewn at the sale.

The sale will commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. and will be held at the present dwelling of Mr. Samuel Lane Smith, on one of the parcels above described, to wit: Grammer's Chance. The purchaser or purchasers must give bond, with security, to the subscriber as trustee, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within fifteen months from the time of sale; and, upon obtaining the chancellor's ratification of any sale so to be made, and upon the receipt of the purchase money, the subscriber, as trustee, by a good deed, indented, will give, grant, bargain and sell, release and confirm, to the purchaser or purchasers, and his, her or their heirs, the land to him, her or them sold; that is to say, all the right, title, interest and estate therein and thereto, which hath descended from the said Samuel Lane, deceased, to his heirs, mentioned in the petition which is referred to in the said decree; and upon the due acknowledgement and recording of the said deed, the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their assigns, shall thereupon be entitled to the said lands, so conveyed to his, her or their only use, free, clear and discharged, from claims of the defendants in the said decree referred to, or any of them claiming by, from or under, the deceased, mediately or immediately.

The creditors of the deceased Samuel Lane are hereby notified, that they are to exhibit to the chancery-office their respective claims, with all the proofs and vouchers to establish the same, within four months from the aforesaid day of sale.

WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee. 4

November 2, 1801.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE heirs of the late JOHN ROGERS having petitioned the Chancellor of Maryland for a division or sale of the real estate, and, (on a return of a commission, stating that the same would not admit of division,) the chancellor having decreed a sale thereof, and appointed the subscriber trustee for that purpose,

Notice is hereby given, that he will, on Wednesday the sixteenth day of December next, offer at public auction the part of the said real estate which was not disposed of at the sale in August last, under the decree aforesaid, to wit: A large and convenient brick dwelling-house in the city of Annapolis, with cellars, kitchen, meat-house, carriage-house, stables, &c. and a garden, now occupied by John Davidson, Esquire, and rented to him until the 15th of April, 1802.

The sale of this property will be held at Mr. Caton's tavern, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The purchaser must give bond, with security, to the subscriber as trustee, for paying one fourth of the purchase money, (with interest from the time of sale,) within six months, one other fourth within twelve months, and the residue within two years, from the time of sale, and on obtaining the chancellor's ratification, and on receipt of the purchase money, the subscriber, as trustee, will convey to the purchaser all the right, title and interest, which the said John Rogers had in the said property, and which descended to his children.

WILLIAM KILTY. 4

November 2, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next general assembly for an act of insolvency.

HENRY RIDGELY, of HENRY,

October 29, 1801. 4

THE subscriber having become involved, as special bail for Matthew Beard, to a large amount, far beyond his ability to pay, hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

JONATHAN BEARD.

Anne-Arundel county, October 7, 1801.

STEPHEN RUMMELLS,

Boot and Shoe-Maker,

Corn-Hill-street, Annapolis,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public at large, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will continue their custom as usual, he assures them that nothing shall be wanting on his part to give complete satisfaction. He has laid in the best materials, and will execute his work in the neatest manner. Gentlemen may suit themselves with good and serviceable shoes for servants, on the usual credit. 6

By the LEVY COURT of BALTIMORE COUNTY.

August 12th, 1801.

RESOLVED, That the inspector of tobacco at Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore, pass no tobacco in hogsheads, the size and dimensions of which are not agreeable to the act of assembly, establishing and fixing the same.

"Act of November session, 1789, chapter 26, section 35, And, for preventing packing of tobacco in unsizeable casks, *Be it enacted*, That no tobacco shall be passed or accounted lawful tobacco, except tobacco in parcels, unless the same shall be packed in hogsheads not exceeding forty-eight inches in the length of the stave, and seventy inches in the whole diameter within the staves at the crose and bulge; and the owner of tobacco packed in any hogshead of greater dimensions, shall repack the same in sizeable hogsheads, as herein before expressed, at his own expence, before the same shall be passed.

The editors of news-papers in Alexandria, Frederick-town, Hagar's-town, George-town, Easton and Annapolis, are requested to publish the aforegoing resolution in their respective papers once a week for eight weeks successively, and transmit their accounts to the levy court of Baltimore county for payment.

By order,

7 WILLIAM GIBSON, Clerk.

Printing-Office, Annapolis.

PAYMENTS are earnestly solicited from all persons indebted to this office, and in a particular manner from those debtors who reside in the city of Annapolis, and in Anne-Arundel county. Necessity alone induces this second application, and it is sincerely hoped it will be noticed, and attended to.

NEW GOODS.

Now opening at the subscriber's store, opposite Messrs. Turner and Smith, Church-street, Annapolis,

A general assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS, among which are,

BROAD and second cloths, Bath coatings, plains, half-thicks, rose and match-coat blankets, carpets, &c. fancy cords, velverets, corduroys, thicksets, swan-downs, &c. red, yellow, and white flannels, blue, green, brown, and black bombasets and striped wildbores, moreens, durants and Joans, dimities, muslins, humhums, calicoes, shawls, black and fancy pattent'd silk handkerchiefs, men and womens worsted and cotton hose, men and boys hats, Irish linens from 3s. to 7s. 6d. per yard, German dowlas, ticklenburgs, osnabrigs, &c.

A very extensive assortment of the best manufactured tin wares, warranted good, Japanned ditto. Likewise masters of vessels and planters supplied in ten minutes with *slops*, warranted well made, and at the most reduced prices. As the subscriber constantly keeps up a very general assortment of blank books of all sizes, school ditto, paper, wax and wafers, playing cards. &c.

GROCERIES.

Antigua spirit, New-England rum, French brandy, Holland's gin, whiskey, hyson, hyson-skin and souchong teas, loaf, lump and brown sugars, pepper, powder and shot, tobacco, and snuff, all of which he offers for sale on the lowest terms, and flatters himself they will give general satisfaction.

STEPHEN CLARK.

October 21, 1801. 4

IN consequence of a report which has been circulated respecting my leaving this place, I take this method of informing my friends in particular, and the public in general, that I mean to carry on the tanning busines as usual, and at the same place. I am now prepared to receive hides to tan from those who will please to favour me with their custom, on the following terms, to wit: Hides at 15/. each, or one half for the other, kip-skins at 11/3 each, and calf-skins at 5/7½, and will purchase at the market price, as will suit. I hope my former attention will merit a continuance of the favour of my customers, and it shall be my constant endeavour to give general satisfaction.

3 W. W. NORMAN.

N. B. The above leather will be finished in the neatest manner for shoe-makers and all other of my customers.

Annapolis, October 24, 1801.

COMMITTED to my custody, on the 7th inst. a negro lad who calls himself PETER, and says he ran away from a Mrs. GRAY, of Baltimore-town, in the spring of the year 1800; Peter appears to be 18 or 20 years of age, about five feet one inch high, slender made, has lost all the toes from his left foot, and part from his right, says he was brought from the West-Indies when small by a captain Fale, and left with the above-mentioned Mrs. Gray; his cloathing is a Russia sheeting shirt, striped nankeen coat, stuff jacket, old coarse hat. His owner, if any, is requested to take him away, otherwise he will be sold for his prison fees, and other charges.

THOMAS PRICE, Sheriff of Charles county.

October 20, 1801. 3

LUSBY AND DAVIS,

Cabinet-Makers, Cornhill-street,

ANNAPOLIS.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends, and the public, that they carry on the above business in the house lately occupied by Mr. JOSEPH BREWER, where any person may be furnished with mahogany and walnut furniture, on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.

Orders from the country will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

October 20, 1801. 4

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the State of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of WILLIAM CHAPMAN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, all persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 28th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 28th day of September, 1801.

SUSANNA CHAPMAN, (now BEARD,) Administratrix.

Any claims against the above estate may be presented to Mr. Leonard Sellman, who is fully authorised to receive and settle the same.

SUSANNA CHAPMAN, (now BEARD).

Blacksmith and Farrier.

THE subscriber returns his most sincere thanks to the public in general for the liberal encouragement which he has met with since he commenced business; he takes this method of informing his friends, and the public in general, that he intends making an alteration in the price of all work done in his shop, which is as follows, viz. all machinery work, such as mill works of all kinds, will be done for one shilling, all cart and plough works at eleven-pence, spikes and bolts for vessels at eleven-pence, the rigging work will be done for one shilling all round, shoeing of horses all round six shillings, laying of plough shares six shillings a piece, house work eleven-pence, all heavy plain work besides eleven-pence, and all other small, such as is not done by the pound, a liberal charge will be taken for the same. The above business will be done in the best and neatest manner, and quickly dispatched. All orders from the Eastern Shore, or any part of the country, will be thankfully received, and attention paid to them; he therefore hopes, by his punctuality and attention to business, to merit the patronage of a generous public.

SIMON RETALLACK.

N. B. The reason that the above business is made so cheap, it is for cash, or a regular credit to punctual customers.

S. R.

Corn-Hill-street, just below the Stadt-house, August 10, 1801.

In CHANCERY, November 2, 1801.

William Bowie, vs. *The heirs of Brock Mockbee.*

THE object of this petition is to obtain a decree for the sale of the real estate of Brock Mockbee, deceased, which descended to the defendant's his heirs, for the payment of his debts; it is stated by the petition, that John Mockbee, one of the defendants, who is the eldest brother of Brock Mockbee, deceased, and would have been his sole heir if the act to direct descents had not passed, has appeared in court and answered to the said petition, and it appearing that the said John Mockbee has so appeared and answered; it is thereupon ordered, that the petitioner cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least three weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette, during the present month, to the end that each of the heirs aforesaid, not having already appeared and answered, may have notice of the filing of the said petition, and of its substance and object, and may appear in this court on or before the 30th day of March next, in person, or by a solicitor, to shew cause why a decree should not pass as in the said petition is prayed, &c.

True copy,

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland, praying that a public road may be established through the lands of William Lyles and Aquila Johns, from the Tent Landing so as to intersect the public road leading from Slack creek to Dimes's wharf.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT 350 acres of valuable LAND, lying on a creek of Herring Bay, in Anne-Arundel county, 16 miles from Annapolis, 50 from Baltimore, and 32 from the City of Washington; this land is as fertile as any in the state, a healthy situation, as beautiful a prospect as is on the Chesapeake Bay, a good harbour, a fine situation for ship building, an excellent stand for a retail store, being in a good neighbourhood, and within a few hours sail of Baltimore; the waters afford excellent fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl; the buildings are valuable, a good dwelling-house, 90 feet long, with more than twenty good out houses, yards, gardens, and clover lots, 600 bearing apple trees, the fruit equal to any in the state, a peach orchard, cherries, damsens, plumbs, and nectarinds. Part of the purchase money must be paid, and the balance secured by good bonds, on possession being given. The land may be purchased at private sale before the first day of November, if not sold the advertisement will be continued, and the land sold at public sale, at the subscriber's dwelling-house, on the 21st day of December next, at 12 o'clock, if fair, if not the first fair day.

DAVID WEEMS.

October 5, 1801. 6

NOTICE,

THE partnership of LUSBY and TUCK is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

N. B. WILLIAM TUCK respectfully informs his friends, and the public, that he still carries on the cabinet business in this city, and hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit their patronage.

Annapolis, Corn-Hill-street, October 6, 1801. 6

NOTICE.

THE partnership of TURNER and SMITH being dissolved on the 21st ult. all persons indebted to the firm are requested to make payment to the subscriber, who is authorised to settle the same, and those having claims against the said firm are desired to present them for payment.

ROBERT A. SMITH.

Annapolis, October 5, 1801. 7

Slave in Custody.

COMMITTED to Saint-Mary's county gaol, on the 12th of September, 1801, as a runaway, a negro man, about forty years of age, by the name of FRANK, about five feet six inches high, very black, and has lost part of his fore teeth, says he belongs to a KINSEY GIDDINS, of Montgomery county; his cloathing an osnabrig shirt, and country cotton trousers, an old red plush waistcoat, one old red striped ditto, an old hat and shoes. His master is requested to pay his fees and take him away, or he will be sold as the law directs.

FRANCIS MILLARD, Sheriff of Saint-Mary's county.

September 19, 1801. 7

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel county gaol on the fourth day of September last, a negro, man by the name of TOM, as a runaway, who says he is free, and is from the State of Virginia; this fellow is about 5 feet 8 inches high, speaks broken English, and appears to be about 40 years of age; his cloathing a coarse cloth coat, a green and yellow cotton callico ditto, osnabrig shirt and trousers, a pair of coarse shoes and stockings, no other apparel. The owner is requested to come and take him away, and pay all charges, or he will be sold for his prison fees.

HENRY HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

October 1, 1801. 7

STOLEN,

ON Saturday night last, out of pasture, a bay HORSE, branded on the near shoulder and buttock I S, about 12 or 14 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, a light blaze, shod all round, low in flesh, of light make, and had a very sore back. The thief halted the next morning at Spurrier's tavern (Annapolis road) for breakfast. FORTY DOLLARS will be given for apprehending and prosecuting the thief to conviction, and TEN DOLLARS for information of the horse, and on his being regained. The horse is known at Annapolis by Mr. G. Grammer and young Mr. Quynn, and Mr. Ritchie.

ABNER RITCHIE.

Frederick-town, September 20, 1801. 7

TAKE notice, that all those who have any claims or demands against the estate of JOHN BOUCHER, of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same for payment, on or before the first day of November next ensuing the date hereof, legally authenticated, and passed by the judges of the orphans court of said county, or they will excluded agreeable to law.

AMELIA BOUCHER, Administratrix.

Annapolis, September 15, 1801.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly for this state, for an act to authorise me to build a bridge across the Susquehanna Canal, to enable me to pass from one part of my land to another.

HEDWICK HOLLYDAY.

Cæcil county, October 10, 1801. 7

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.